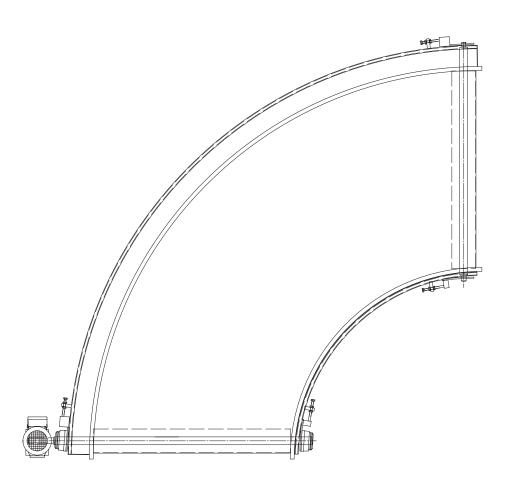
Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate

Installation, Operation & Maintenance Manual





Patents: www.flexco.com/patents

www.flexco.com

Ordering Number:	
Installation Date:	
Purchase Date:	
Purchased From:	

This information will be helpful for any future inquiries or questions about Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate replacement parts, specifications, or troubleshooting.

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1.1 Introduction

We at Flexco are very pleased that you have selected the Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate (STP) for your conveyor system.

This manual will help you to understand the operation of this product and assist you in making it perform to its maximum efficiency over its lifetime of service.

It is essential for safe and efficient operation that the information and guidelines presented here be properly understood and implemented. This manual will provide safety precautions, installation instructions, maintenance procedures, and troubleshooting tips.

If you have any questions or problems that are not covered in this manual, please visit our website or contact our Customer Service Department:

Customer Service in the United States and Canada: 1-800-541-8028

Customer Service outside the United States: www.flexco.com/NA/EN/Flexco/Contact-Us/Regional-Offices.htm

Visit www.flexco.com for other Flexco locations and products.

Please read this manual thoroughly and pass it on to any others who will be directly responsible for installation, operation, and maintenance of this STP. While we have tried to make the installation and service tasks as simple as possible, the Segmented Transfer Plate does require correct installation and regular inspections and adjustments to maintain top performance.

1.2 User Benefits

Correct installation and regular maintenance will provide the following benefits for your operation:

- Reduced conveyor downtime
- Reduced man-hour labor
- Lower maintenance costs
- Increased service life for the Baggage Handling conveyor components

1.3 Service Option

The Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate is designed to be easily installed and serviced by your on-site personnel. However, if you would prefer complete turn-key factory service, please contact Flexco Customer Service or your Flexco Distributor.

2.1 Stationary Conveyors

Before installing and operating the Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate, it is important to review and understand the following safety information. There are set-up, maintenance, and operational activities involving both stationary and operating conveyors. Each case has a safety protocol.

Repairs

The following activities are performed on stationary conveyors:

- Installation
- Blade replacement
- Tension adjustments
- Cleaning

A DANGER

It is imperative that OSHA Lockout/Tagout (LOTO) regulations, 29 CFR 1910.147, be followed before undertaking the preceding activities. Failure to use LOTO exposes workers to uncontrolled behavior of the Segmented Transfer Plate caused by movement of the conveyor belt. Severe injury or death can result.

Before working:

- Lockout/Tagout the conveyor power source
- Disengage any takeups
- Clear the conveyor belt or clamp securely in place

2.2 Operating Conveyors

There are two routine tasks that must be performed while the conveyor is running:

- Inspection of the Narrow Gap Segmented Transfer Plate performance
- Dynamic troubleshooting

A DANGER

Every Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate is an in-running nip hazard. Never touch or prod an operating STP. Transfer plate hazards can cause instantaneous amputation and entrapment.

A WARNING

Power Curve Transfer Plate segments can become projectile hazards. Stay as far from the transfer plate as practical and use safety eyewear and headgear. Projectiles can inflict serious injury.

A DANGER

Every Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate is intended to operate as a belt conveyor protection device. The Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate is designed to prevent the ingestion of foreign material into the conveyor system mechanism that could cause the conveyor to malfunction, and prevent damage to the belt. The Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate is not approved for any other use.

A WARNING

Use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

- Safety eyewear
- Hardhats
- Safety footwear
- Gloves (especially when welding)

Close quarters, springs, and heavy components create a worksite that compromises a worker's eyes, feet, and skull. PPE must be worn to control the foreseeable hazards associated with the conveyor belt and Segmented Transfer Plates. Serious injuries can be avoided.

A WARNING

Never adjust anything on an operating Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate. Unforeseeable belt projections and tears can catch on transfer plates and cause violent movements of the transfer plate segment or structure. Flailing hardware can cause serious injury or death.



This section will address the pre-installation checks and options. This product is intended to be used in baggage handling coveyor belts of a specific kind. Not following this procedure will result in deficient product performance. It is extremely important that the transfer plate is installed in accordance to this installation manual in order to have a successful product installation. The Flexco Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate is designed to have full contact with the smooth face of the belt. The system design allows for some flexing. The segments can and will move as the segments contact the belt, allowing for variation on the belt profile.

3.1 Checklist and Component Identification

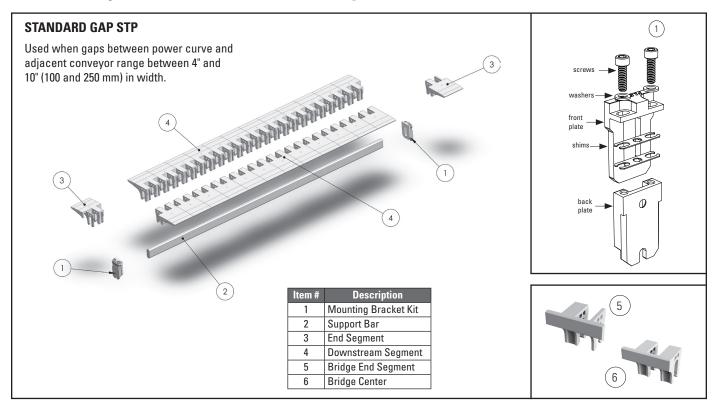
- Check that the Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate size is correct for the beltline width.
- Check the Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate carton and make sure all the parts are included.
- Familiarize yourself with the components.
- Review the "Tools Needed" list on the top of the installation instructions.
- Inspect the belt and splice(s) for damage (tears, gouges, raised splices, etc.) that may interfere with the Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate.
- Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plates are not generally recommended for use on impression cover, textured, or cleated belts.
- Determine the material flow or direction of the movement of the belt.
- Check the conveyor site:

- Are there obstructions that may require Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate location adjustments?

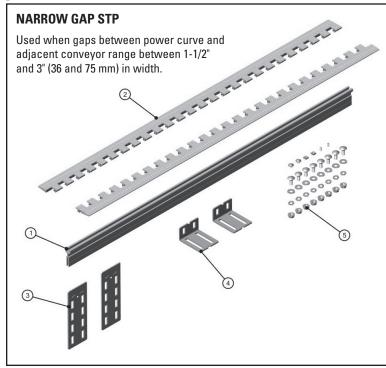
CAUTION: All parts of the Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate must be firmly attached to the belt conveyor structure and be properly welded, bolted, or anchored in compliance with your company's policies, specifications, and any applicable legal or regulatory requirements prior to installation and use.

Flexco Power Curve Segment Transfer Plates are designed to absorb the damage of a foreign object and protect the belt from any injury while maintaining product flow. The transfer plate was designed to be compatible with check-in baggage (non containerized), polybags, nylon bags, small packages, and general parcel and material.

A Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate has four (4) main components and one (1) set of fasteners.



Flexco Segmented Transfer Plates are designed to absorb the damage of a foreign object and protect the belt from any injury while maintaining product flow. The transfer plate was designed to be compatible with polybags, nylon bags, small packages, and general parcel and material.



ltem	Description	Item Code	Ordering Number
		56639	TGB-EXT-ALUM-BAR-24/610
		56640	TGB-EXT-ALUM-BAR-36/914
1	Extruded Aluminum Bars	56641	TGB-EXT-ALUM-BAR-42/1067
		56642	TGB-EXT-ALUM-BAR-48/1219
		56643	TGB-EXT-ALUM-BAR-60/1524
		56636	TGB-SEG-CENTER75/19MM
2	Center Segments	56637	TGB-SEG-CENTER-1/25MM
	ooginonto	56638	TGB-SEG-CENTER-1.5/38MM
3		56645	TGB-1.5-3.0-VERT-SUPPT-BRKT-KIT
4	Mounting Kit Parts	56646	TGB-1.5-3.0-ANGLE-BRKT-KIT
5	- un to	56648	TGB-1.5-3.0-MTNG-HARDWARE-KIT
	Mounting Bracket Kit (Inlcudes 2-#3, 2-#4, 1-#5)	56644	TGB-1.5-3.0-IN-GAP-MTNG-KIT



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3.2 Tools Required for Installation

The following tools are required for installation. Please note that some tools are optional, based on the preferred installation method. In this installation manual, we will describe both methods.

Welding Method (preferred)

Measurement gauge: Flexco part number 56668 or 56669 (56667-For bridge segments)

- Tape Measure
- Straight Edge
- 5/32" (4 mm) Allen Wrench
- Rubber Mallet
- Marking Pen/Soap Stone
- Hand Held Band Saw or Hack Saw equipped for metal and plastic cutting
- Welder
- Welding Accessories
- Thread Locking Agent

Bolt Mount (requires drilling)

Measurement gauge: Flexco part number 56668 or 56669 (56667-For bridge segments)

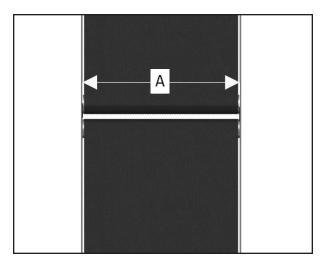
- •Tape Measure
- Straight Edge
- 5/32" (4 mm) Allen Wrench
- Rubber Mallet
- Marking Pen/Soap Stone
- Hand Held Band Saw or Hack Saw equipped for metal and plastic cutting
- H Drill Bit (or 17/64" [7 mm})
- Transfer Punch
- #10 Flat head cap screw 1" (25 mm) long (2)
- #10 Socket head cap screw 1" (25 mm) long (2)
- #10 Flat washers (4)
- #10 Lock washers (4)
- #10 Nuts (4)

3.3 Conveyor Mounting Structure

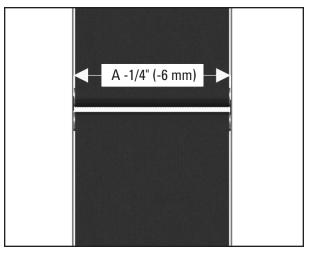
The first step in installing your Power Curve STP is to verify that there is adequate structure to install the STP. Please verify that the surfaces are firmly attached to the conveyor belt structure.

3.4 Determine Belt Arrangement and Measure Internal Width of Structure

In order to properly fit the Power Curve STP, it is necessary to determine the conveyor configuration or arrangement. In this case, we will only fit the Power Curve STP against a airport baggage conveyor. Once the type of conveyor belt arrangement has been determined, measure the interior width of the structure. The measurement must be done at the widest point of the interior of the structure, where the transfer plate will be positioned.



1. Measure the inside of the structure in order to determine the length of the transfer plate (Dimension A) at the point of the desired installation. This measurement will be required to properly select the transfer plate and adequately install the plastic segments of the transfer plate.



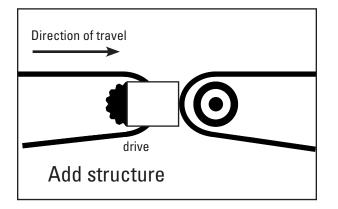
2. After Dimension A is determined, subtract 1/4" (6 mm) from Dimension A. The resulting measurement will be the correct size of the mounting bar holding the plastic segments.



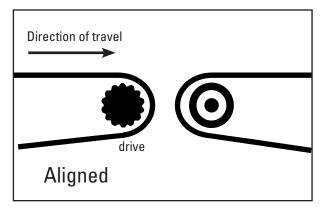
3.5 Alternative Mounting

In most cases, welding is the preferred attachment method of the STP. Regardless of the preferred method, there must be adequate metallic structure to install the STP brackets. Please verify that the surfaces are firmly attached to the conveyor belt structure.

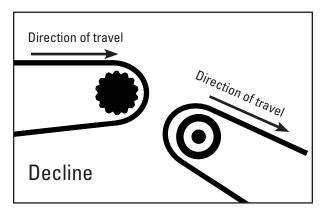
• If structure is not available to attach mounting brackets, please add the necessary structure to allow for proper installation.



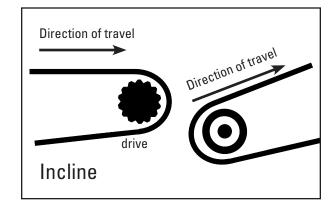
• In the particular case of waterfall conveyor arrangements (incline or decline configurations) there may be gaps where the conveyors meet. Make sure there is adequate structure to mount the transfer plate mounting brackets at the point of installation. If necessary, add a support plate to ensure safe and proper installation of the Segmented Transfer Plate mounting brackets.



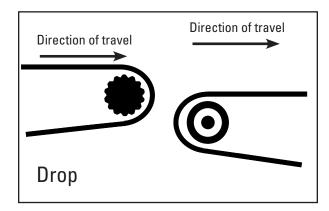
1. Horizontal to Horizontal Conveyors Both conveyors are aligned and the belts have the same direction of travel. This arrangement is usually level.



3. Horizontal to Decline Conveyors Both conveyors are aligned and the belts have the same direction of travel. The first belt will feed the second belt. The second belt will have a downward direction.



2. Horizontal to Incline Conveyors Both conveyors are aligned and the belts have the same direction of travel. The first belt will feed the second belt. The second belt will have an upward direction.



4. Horizontal to Horizontal Drop Conveyors Both conveyors are aligned, but not level, and the belts have the same direction of travel. The first belt will feed the second belt. There is a clear drop between the belts.

Measure Internal Width of Structure (Dimension A)

Once the type of conveyor belt arrangement has been determined, measure the interior width of the structure. The measurement should be done at the widest point of the interior of the structure, where the transfer plate will be positioned.

Measure the inside of the structure in order to determine the length of the transfer plate (Dimension A) at the point of the desired installation. This measurement will be required to properly select the transfer plate and adequately install the plastic segments of the transfer plate.

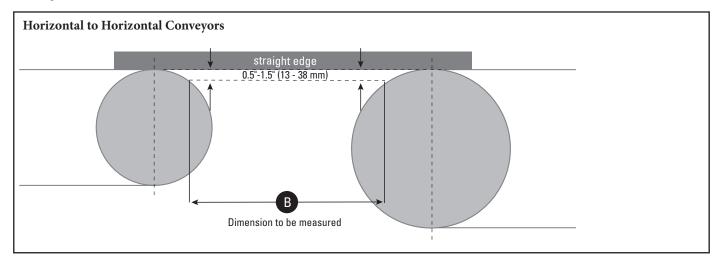




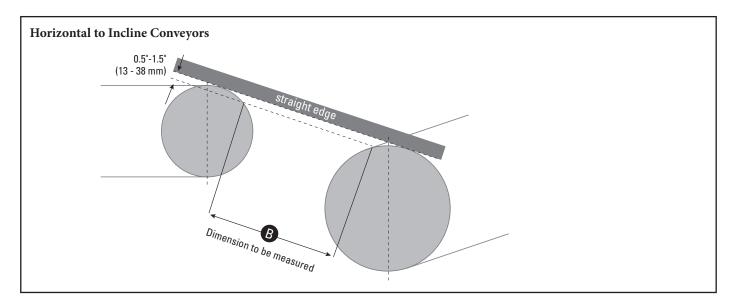
3.6 Determine Proper Segmented Transfer Plate Width

The selection of the transfer plate is a delicate process. In order to properly go about this operation, please use a Flexco measurement gauge (part number 56668 or 56667 for bridge segments) and make sure you have identified the conveyor arrangement and Dimension "A" (page 11).

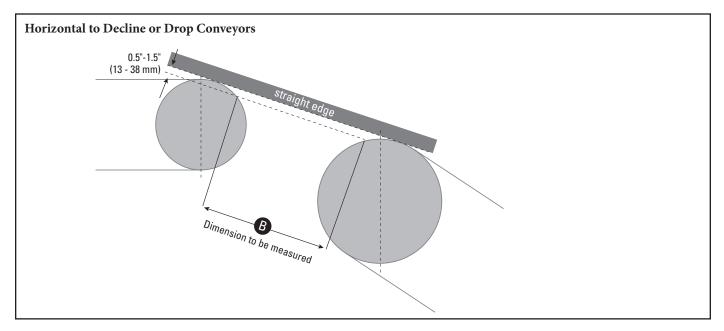
The first thing to determine is the dimension that the transfer plate will have to bridge, or Dimension "B." This dimension is measured by using a straight edge and a tape measure. The dimension is taken 1/2" (13 mm) to 1-1/2" (38 mm) below a line between the tangent points on the pulleys. Each conveyor configuration will require a specific measuring technique. Please follow the diagrams below:



In the diagram above, Dimension "B" will be obtained by locating a straight edge between the center lines of the pulleys. The dimension will be obtained by offsetting a parallel line towards the center of the pulley. The total offset should be between 1/2" (13 mm) to 1-1/2" (38 mm) below a line between the tangent points on the pulleys for most applications. The "B" dimension should be obtained by measuring the distance between the pulleys where the offset line intersects the outside diameter of the pulleys.



In the diagram above, Dimension "B" will be obtained by locating a straight edge between the center lines of the pulleys. The dimension will be obtained by offsetting a parallel line towards the center of the drive pulley. The total offset should be between 1/2" (13 mm) to 1-1/2" (38 mm) below a line between the tangent points on the pulleys for most applications. The "B" dimension should be obtained by measuring the distance between the intersection of the offset line and the drive pulley outer diameter and the trailing pulley 12 o'clock position.



In the diagram above, Dimension "B" will be obtained by locating a straight edge between the center lines of the pulleys. The dimension will be obtained by offsetting a parallel line towards the center of the drive pulley. The total offset should be between 1/2" (13 mm) to 1-1/2" (38 mm) below a line between the tangent points on the pulleys for most applications. The "B" dimension should be obtained by measuring the distance between the intersection of the offset line and the drive pulley outer diameter and the trailing pulley 12 o'clock position.

Installation Hints:

The placement of the STP can or could be between 1/2" (13 mm) to 1-1/2" (38 mm) below the crown of the pulley. For large pulley diameters, please contact Flexco Customer Service.

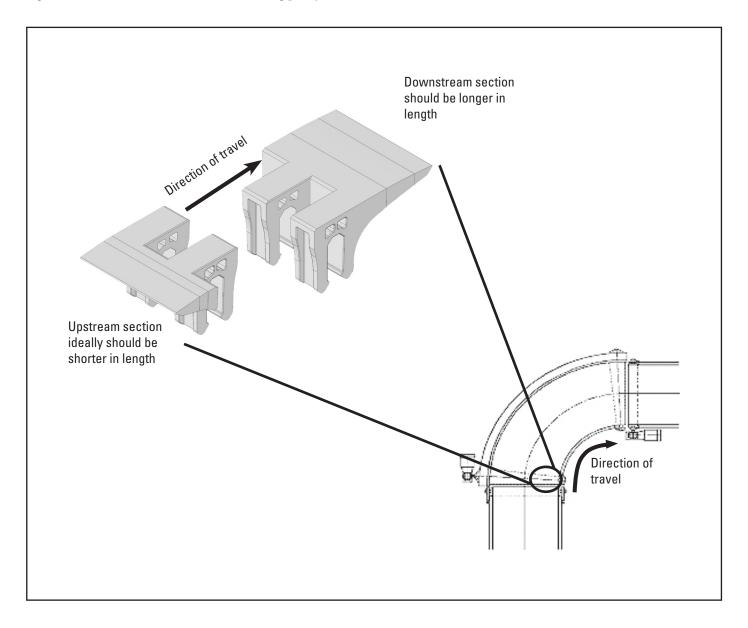
NOTE: Power curves operate conical rollers in both ends of the conveyor. The geometric nature of the roller will allow you to have a flat horizontal surface that will transition into a tapered vertical surface. When measuring a gap, make sure your straight edge extends beyond the crown of the pulley to avoid a wrong measurement.



3.7 Segmented Transfer Plate Selection

Once you have obtained Dimensions "A" and "B," you will have to select the proper transfer plate item code so you can order your installation kit. Flexco Segmented Transfer Plates can cover horizontal to horizontal or waterfall conveyor applications with gaps from 4" (100 mm) to 10" (254 mm) in 1" (25 mm) increments. For gaps smaller than 4" (100 mm), please refer to installation operation manual X4657 (Narrow Gap Segmented Transfer Plate).

IMPORTANT NOTE: In the event that the Segmented Transfer Plate requires an offset installation, please make sure the shorter segment is installed upstream (towards the head pulley or against the direction of travel). The downstream plastic segment (longer segment) should be installed towards the trailing pulley (in the direction of travel).

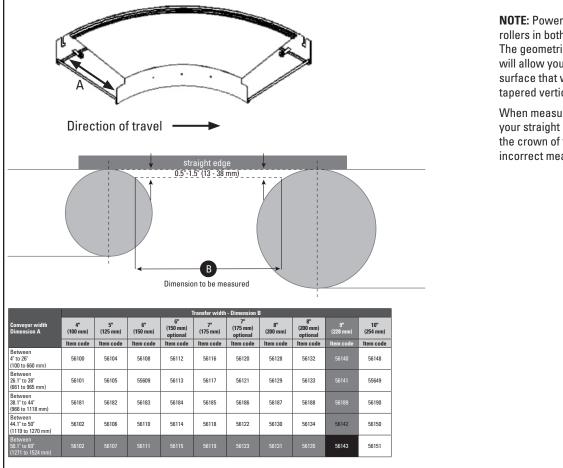


Use the information obtained in steps 3.4 to 3.6 and the following table to determine the proper item code to order. An alternative method to determine your kit is described in section 3.7.

		Transfer width - Dimension B										
Conveyor width Dimension A	4" (100 mm)	5" (125 mm)	6" (150 mm)	6" (150 mm) optional	7" (175 mm)	7" (175 mm) optional	8" (200 mm)	8" (200 mm) optional	9" (228 mm)	10" (254 mm)		
	ltem code	ltem code	ltem code	ltem code	ltem code	ltem code	ltem code	ltem code	ltem code	ltem code		
Between 4" to 26" (100 to 660 mm)	56100	56104	56108	56112	56116	56120	56128	56132	56140	56148		
Between 26.1" to 38" (661 to 965 mm)	56101	56105	55609	56113	56117	56121	56129	56133	56141	55649		
Between 38.1" to 44" (966 to 1118 mm)	56181	56182	56183	56184	56185	56186	56187	56188	56189	56190		
Between 44.1" to 50" (1119 to 1270 mm)	56102	56106	56110	56114	56118	56122	56130	56134	56142	56150		
Between 50.1" to 60" (1271 to 1524 mm)	56102	56107	56111	56115	56119	56123	56131	56135	56143	56151		

In the table above, you can use Dimension A (internal width of conveyor structure) and Dimension B (gap you want to cover with the STP).

For illustration, let's consider a conveyor with an internal conveyor width of 60" (1524 mm) and a gap between rollers of 9" (228 mm). In this case, we would select the line where the 60" (1524 mm) measurement is located and use the 9" (228 mm) column to determine the ITEM CODE to be ordered. In this case, you should select ITEM CODE 56143.



NOTE: Power curves operate conical rollers in both ends of the conveyor. The geometric nature of the roller will allow you to have a flat horizontal surface that will transition into a tapered vertical surface.

When measuring a gap, make sure your straight edge extends beyond the crown of the pulley to avoid an incorrect measurement.



3.8 Segmented Transfer Plate Selection Using FLEXCO STP Gauge Kit 56668

Selecting the proper transfer plate can also be done with the use of the Flexco STP Gauge Kit (Part Number 56668) specifically designed to be used with the Flexco Segmented Transfer Plate.

The STP Gauge Kit contains 10 transfer plate profile keys. Each key allows the user to measure the gap between the pulleys in a precise fashion, while providing the necessary installation clearances required to ensure proper fit of the transfer plate.

DANGER: It is imperative that OSHA Lockout/Tagout (LOTO) regulations, 29 CFR 1910.147, be followed before undertaking the preceding activities. Failure to use LOTO exposes workers to uncontrolled behavior of the belt. Severe injury or death can result. Do not attempt any of the preceding activities on a live conveyor belt.

Following the same procedure as in step 3.4.1, determine the conveyor arrangement you are about to measure. Once that the type of conveyor belt arrangement has been determined, measure the interior width of the structure.

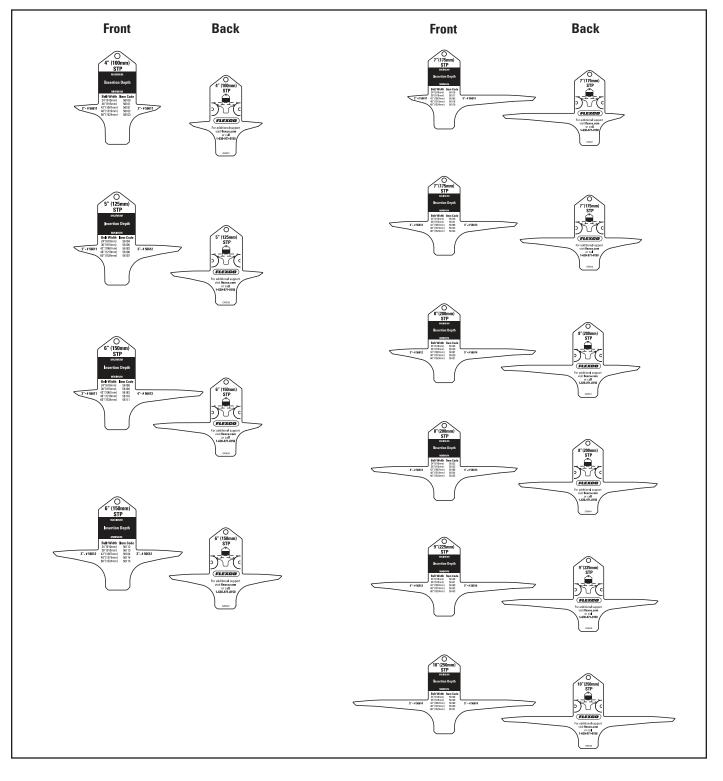
The measurement should be done at the widest point of the interior of the structure where the transfer plate will be positioned; this measurement will determine the total length of the transfer plate.

Measure the inside of the structure in order to determine the length of the transfer plate (Dimension A) at the point of the desired installation. This measurement will be required to properly select the transfer plate length in combination with the Flexco STP gauge kit (Part number: 56668).



Once you have determined Dimension "A" (overall width of the conveyor), select the STP gauge key that properly fits in between the pulley where the transfer plate will be installed.

In order to select the proper STP gauge key, you should consider the approximate distance that the transfer plate should cover and the correct position of the STP gauge key relative to the crown of the pulley.

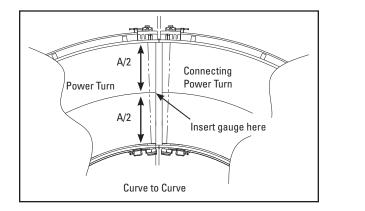


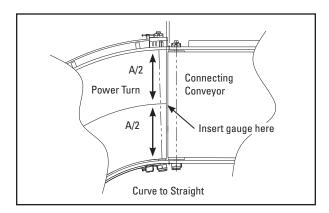


Determining the correct transfer plate item number and its location is a process of trial and error. We recommend that you prepare for the measurement process with an STP gauge key and measure the gap between the pulley until you achieve the correct fit between the STP gauge key and the pulleys. The following example will explain you the proper way to use the STP gauge key and how to select the correct Segmented Transfer Plate item code for ordering.

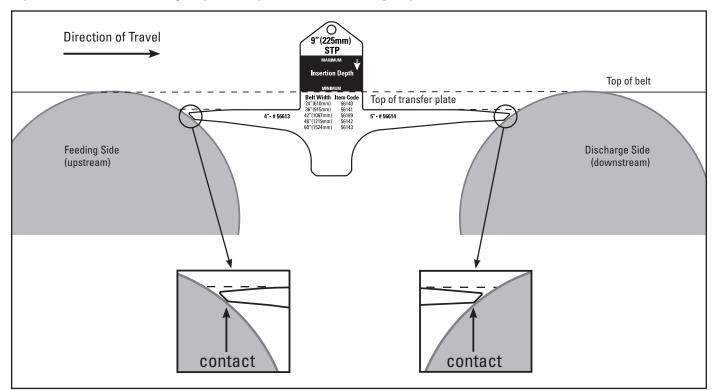
Select the STP gauge key you believe will best fit the gap you are trying to bridge. Insert the key between the two pulleys and make sure you place the key at the center of the conveyor width (Dimension A). This is particularly important as some conveyors have some crowning.

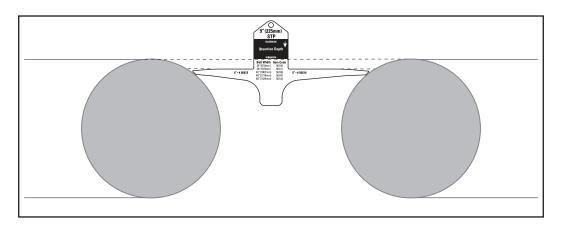
The key should be inserted in the mid (center) of the span between the structure of the conveyor belt. This location can be obtained by dividing Dimension A in half (A/2).





When inserting the STP gauge key, you should have a minimum distance between the top of the STP profile and the tangent point of the belt and the pulley of no less than $\frac{1}{2}$ " (13 mm) for smaller diameter pulleys. For large diameter pulleys, the distance should not exceed 1-1/2" (38 mm). The bottom corner of the transfer plate plastic segment should have full contact with the belt and the key should rest level to the imaginary line that joins the crowns of the pulleys.

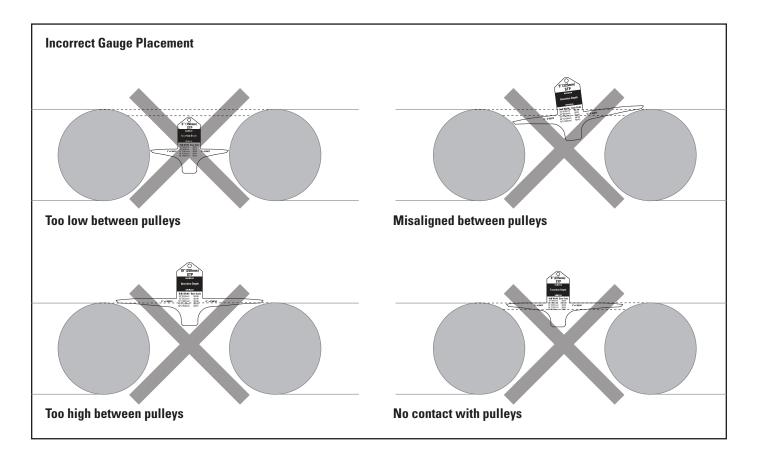




The ideal placement of the key should look similar to the figure below:

Incorrect placement of the STP Gauge Key, as described in the following examples, could lead to incorrect STP selection.

WARNING: Incorrect placement of the STP Gauge key will result in erroneous readings and will lead to the selection of the incorrect item code.





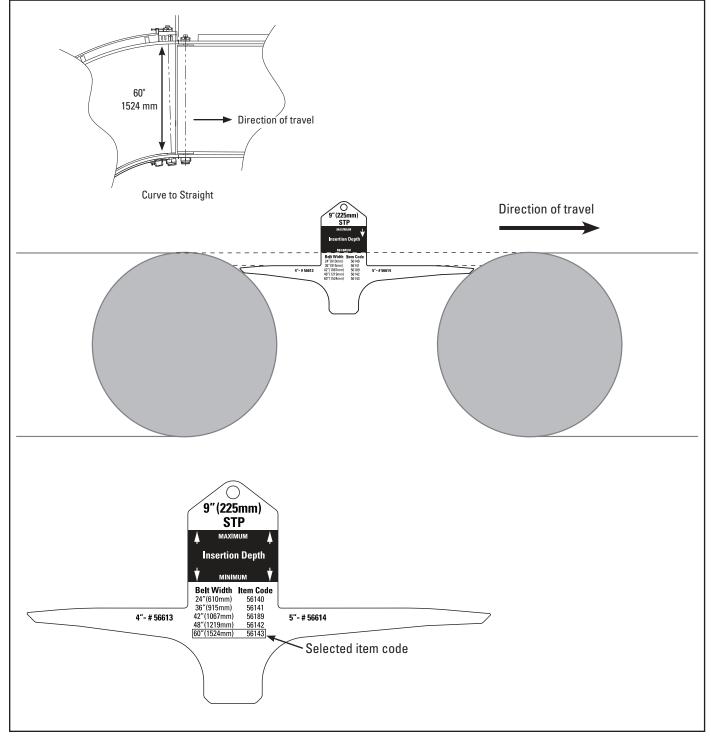
Once the STP gauge key has been correctly placed and you have determined the width of the conveyor belt (Dimension A), select the Segmented Transfer Plate ITEM CODE you need to order from your Flexco distributor.

Kit selection example: In order to illustrate the process, let's suppose that Dimension A (internal width of the conveyor belt) is 60" (1524 mm) and a 9" (228 mm) transfer plate will properly bridge the gap between the pulleys.

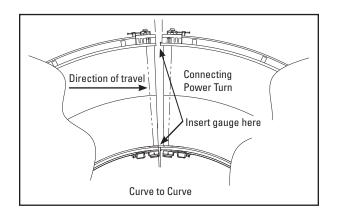
We will proceed to identify the 60" (1524 mm) line and select ITEM CODE 56143 as the kit we need to order.

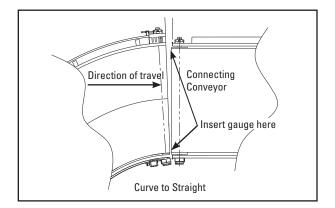
Installation Hint: Double-check that the actual STP segments properly fit the installation.

Installation Hint: The use of equal length plastic segments is ideal in most circumstances and facilitates final placement.



In the case of misaligned conveyors, you will have to measure the transfer gap at two locations. The locations will be the same regardless of if the gap is located between two power curves or power curve to a straight conveyor. It is imperative that the measurement is done with accuracy and ensuring proper gauge placement to avoid a product selection or installation problem.





Obtaining the two measurements is necessary to determine if the transfer will cover the full gap. In some cases, a straight transfer plate will be able to cover the full gap without the need for modifications. However, in specific instances where the misalignment occurs on both the horizontal and vertical plane, you will have to account for the potential to modify the transfer plate.

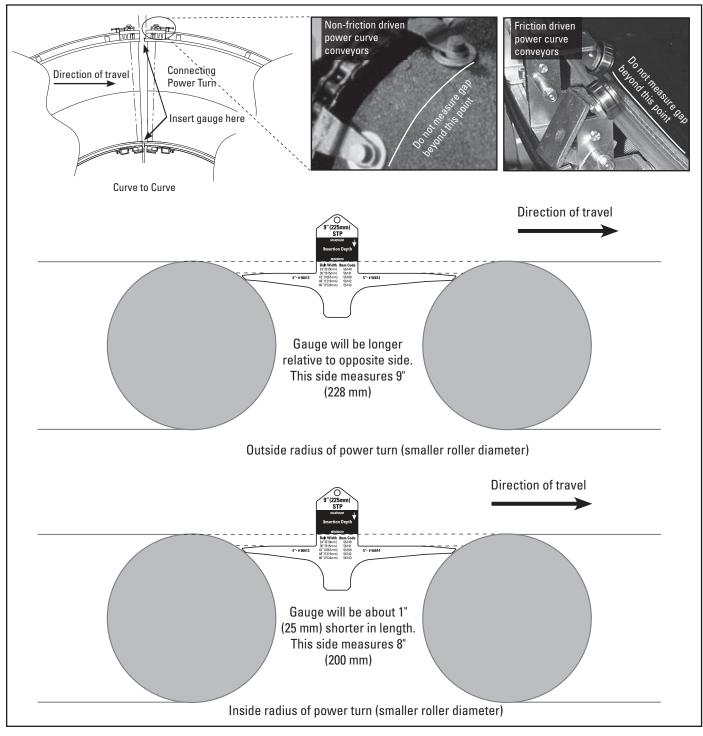
What will dictate the ultimate selection of the transfer is gap width and gauge depth insertion.



On misaligned power curve conveyors, the measurement and selection is based on two measurements (see page 18) and the insertion depth of the gauge. For this case, we will measure a power curve to power curve gap. The same method will be used if the measurement was power curve to a straight conveyor.

Power curve inside radius gap measurement: position the gauge adjacent to the structure of the power curve. Make sure that you have full contact of the gauge with the rollers, particularly the discharge side (upstream) roller.

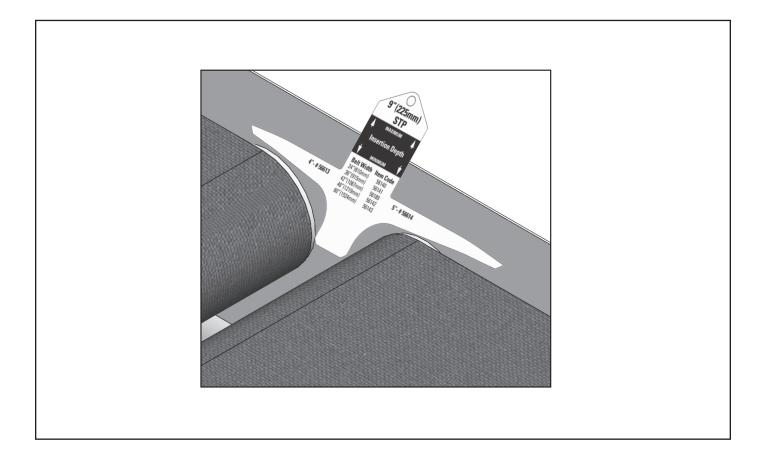
Power curve outside radius gap measurement: position the gauge adjacent to the structure of the power curve. Make sure that you have full contact of the gauge with the rollers, particularly the discharge side (upstream) roller. Do not measure the gap where the chain clips or bead holder guides that hold the belt are located. Failure to avoid this area will result in component interference.



In this case, we will select the larger size 56143 STP. This will allow us to install correctly on the wider side of the transfer and adjust the opposite side by either elevating the transfer and positioning it slightly closer to the crown of the roller or cutting the plastic segments on the discharge side of the installation.

IMPORTANT NOTE: In the event that the segmented transfer plate requires an offset installation, make sure the short segment is installed upstream (towards the head pulley or against the direction of travel). The downstream plastic segment (long segment) should be installed towards the trailing pulley (direction of travel).

Installation Hint: Make sure you have ample room for the Segmented Transfer Plate mounting bracket to be installed to the structure of the conveyor belt. Verify with the gauge key that the mounting bracket properly clears the rollers and is completely accessible for installation on the back structure.





Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate Installation Instructions

CAUTION: It is the user's responsibility to take the steps necessary to properly select and install the product. If you have questions or need assistance, please contact Flexco using the information provided on page 4 of this manual.

Now that the proper STP kit has been selected and the resting position of the transfer plate has been identified, we will proceed with the installation of the Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate.

Danger: physically lock out and tag out the conveyor at the power source before you begin the installation. Failure to follow proper Lock Out/Tag Out procedures could result in death or serious injury.

Pre-Installation

- Unpack the Power Curve STP from the packaging
- Verify that the correct size Power Curve STP has been ordered
- Verify that the correct components are included and in the right quantities

- In most cases you will have to cut the aluminum support bar and add some extra center pieces that are necessary to guarantee correct fitment

Installation Instructions

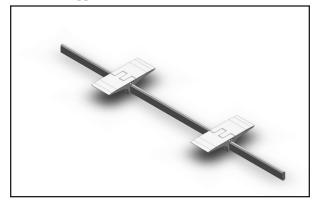
DANGER: It is imperative that OSHA Lockout/Tagout (LOTO) regulations, 29 CFR 1910.147, be followed before undertaking the preceding activities. Failure to use LOTO exposes workers to uncontrolled behavior of the belt. Severe injury or death can result. Do not attempt any of the preceding activities on a live conveyor belt.

DANGER: Every Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate is intended to operate as a belt conveyor protection device. The Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate is designed to prevent the ingestion of foreign material into the conveyor system mechanism that could cause the conveyor to malfunction, and prevent damage to the belt.

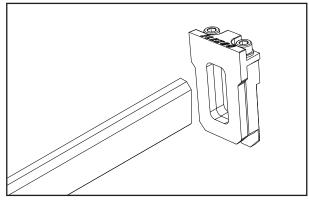
- 1. Unbox all items from the carton and familiarize yourself with each component.
- **2.** Measure the interior width of the structure. The measurement must be done at the widest point of the interior of the structure, where the transfer plate will be positioned.

Installation Instructions

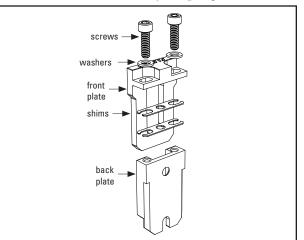
1. Cut the support bar 3/8" (9 mm) less than the measured internal width of the structure. Deburr/file any sharp edges.



2. Slide one segment pair onto the bar from each end and position each approximately 1/4 of the total bar length from the end so that they do not rest on the top of the pulley crown or on the tapered section.



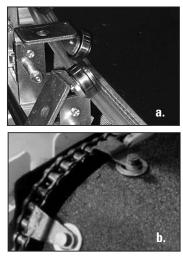
4. Slide one mounting bracket assembly onto each end of the bar. Ensure that the front plate is located in the center of the back plate slot to allow for maximum STP adjustment.



3. Stack two shims on top of back plate of each mounting bracket. Using socket head screws and washers, attach front plate to the back plate, ensuring that the shims are in place. Align the edges of the front and back plates so that the vertical edges are parallel. Tighten screws to compress shims, ensuring no interference with the pole end.

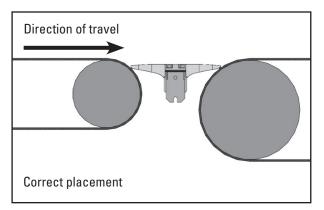
WARNING: When working with Power Curves with conical rollers, component interference is a potential.

- a. On non-friction driven power curves, avoid contact between the STP plastic segments and the belt chain connecting links. Failure to do so will create interference with the regular operation of the belt.
- b. On friction driven power curves, avoid contact between the STP plastic segments and the belt beading guide or guiding pins (depending on model). Failure to do so will create interference with the regular operation of the belt.

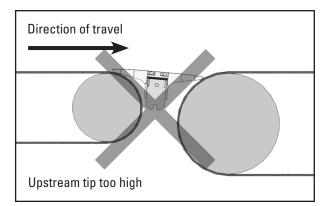




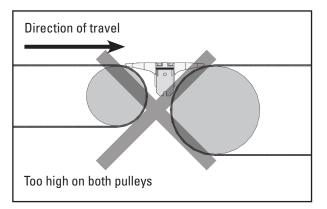
WARNING: Selecting an undersized or oversized Segmented Transfer Plate, or placing the STP in a position that is not the one recommended in this instruction manual, can result in nip hazard or damage the conveyor belt. The following configurations are examples of Segmented Transfer Plate installations.



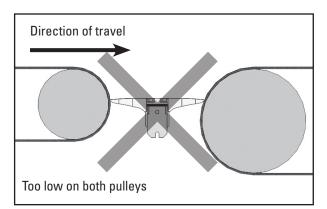
Correct STP placement: This is an example of a correct installation. The transfer plate is installed properly with adequate contact between the belt and the STP plastic segments.



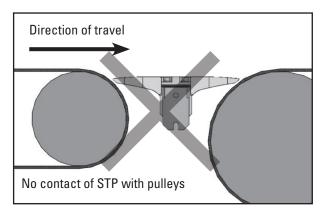
WARNING: This is an example of an incorrect installation. The transfer plate is installed above the head pulley and tilted downstream. This will create interference with the flow of material between the conveyors.



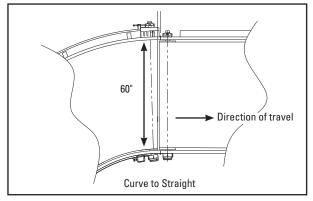
WARNING: This is an example of an incorrect installation. The transfer plate is installed above the correct placement. It will interfere with the flow of material.



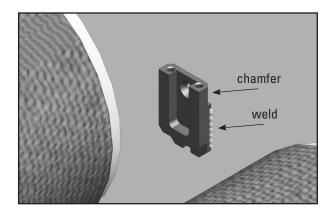
WARNING: This is an example of an incorrect installation. The transfer plate is installed below the correct placement position. It will cause the flow of material to choke between the conveyors.



WARNING: This is an example of an incorrect installation. The transfer plate has no contact between the pulley and the plastic STP segments. Thin, flat items and polybags will get caught in the gap and interfere with flow of material.



6. Position the support bar with segments and mounting brackets into the transfer gap. The resting position of the bar and the brackets should be similar to the one identified by the STP KEY location in SECTION 3. Ensure segments are not resting on top of the pulley crown or in the tapered section.



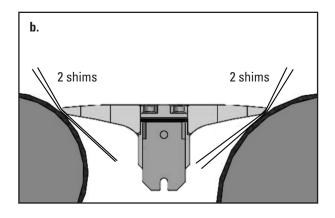
7. Welding instructions: With the assembly in place, tack weld the back plate onto the structure. Verify location after tack weld and adjust as needed.

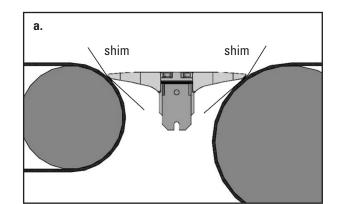
NOTE: Do not weld on the chamfered portion of the back plate corner as a weld bead may interfere with end segment installation.

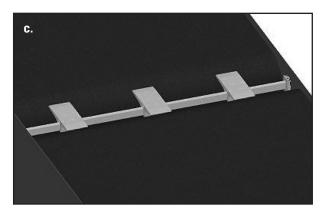
IMPORTANT NOTE: For installations where one or both of the belts have a profiled top cover, such as Longitudinal Rib (LR), Mini Rough Top (MRT), or Rough Top (RT) belting, the transfer assembly should be positioned with a 0.012" (0.3 mm) clearance (thickness of a business card) between the surface of the profiled belt and the under-side of the segment.

Installation Hints:

- **a.** In order for the shims to stay in place, you can bend them so that they will stay put while you maneuver the assembly into place.
- **b.** On crowned pulleys, use two shims per side to compensate for the crowning and allow for proper fitment.
- **c.** For belts that are 48" (1200 mm) wide or more, use a minimum of 3 segments in order to properly compensate for the belt crowning.



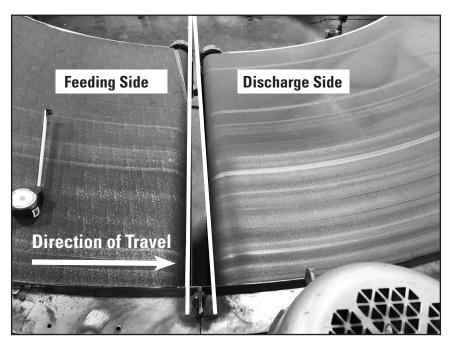






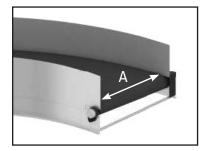
Installation Hints: When working with Power Curves with conical rollers, you must follow the following guidelines during the installation process:

- The segmented transfer plate must have contact with the feeding side of the conveyor system.
- The segmented transfer plate can have up to 6 mm of gap between the plastic segment and the discharge side belt.
- In applications where the conveyor rollers on the discharge side and the receiving side are misaligned, it is acceptable to cut the discharge side plastic segments to accommodate the mismatch.
- On non-friction driven power curves, avoid contact between the STP plastic segments and the belt chain connecting links. Failure to do so will create interference with the regular operation of the belt.
- On friction driven power curves, avoid contact between the STP plastic segments and the belt beading guide or guiding pins (depending on model). Failure to do so will create interference with the regular operation of the belt.



This is a typical example of a misaligned non friction driven conveyor system with two power curvesback-to-back. The gap between them narrows toward the inside of the power curve and widens toward the outside of the conveyor.

Installing a segmented transfer plate for this system will require the use of all 5 installation hints.



a. Measure the inside of the conveyor belt system.





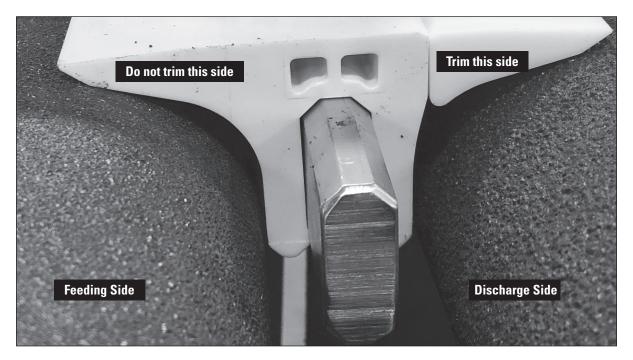


b. Measure the gap at the beginning, center, and end of the conveyor rollers using the FLEXCO STP gauge tool (kit item code 56707).

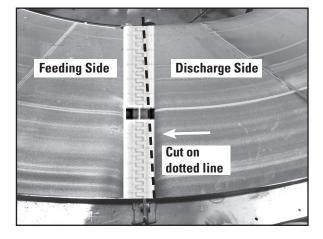
NOTE: In this case the gap goes from 4" to 3" (100 to 75 mm).

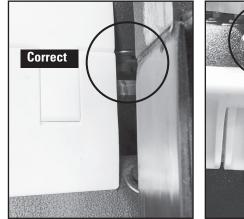
c. Determine the kit to be used considering the widest and narrowest side of the transfer plate. In this case, we will use a 4" (100 mm) wide system.

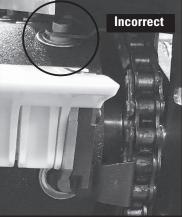
- **d.** Place two segments at the beginning and the end of the STP support bar and position the bar with the segments in its ideal resting place.
- e. Verify that the narrowest side of the gap has enough clearance between the conveyor rollers and the neck of the STP



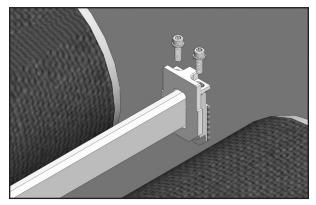
- f. Verify that the widest side of the gap has enough clearance between the belt chain connecting links and the STP plastic segments.
- **g.** Install the end plates and mark the location of the plates on the conveyor belt structure. Make sure you have enough structure to properly hold the back plates to the conveyor.
- **h.** emove the STP system and prepare the installation surfaces to receive the transfer plate by either welding or fastening the back plates (as per step 6 on page 27).
- i. With the STP fully assembled, measure the side that has to be trimmed (discharge side).
- **j**. Perform the cut on a band saw or with a manual saw, taking care to bevel the underside of the plastic segments for correct fitment.
- k. Install as per page 30 instructions.





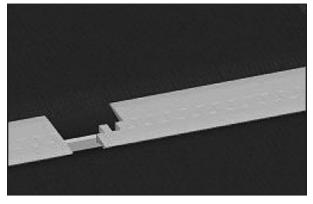




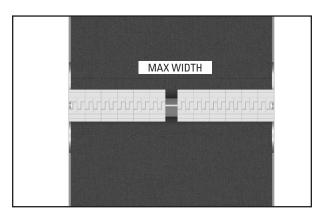


8. After verification that the tack weld has occurred, remove the socket head screws from the mounting brackets and lift the assembly with the front plates out of the transfer, leaving only the back plates in place and finish welding the back plates with a 1" (25 mm) bead on two sides of the plate.

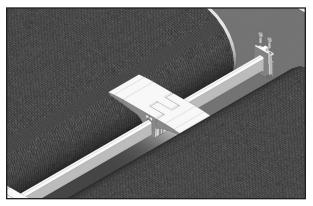
NOTE: Ensure that the shims are removed with the assembly taking care not to lose them.



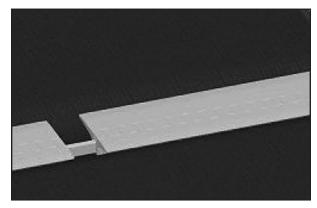
10. Install the remaining segments of the transfer plate, starting with the end segments.



12. From the center of the bar, push the segment pairs toward the ends of the bar, ensuring that they are tightly butted against each other. Measure the gap that remains between the center-most segments to determine the size of the final segment set.

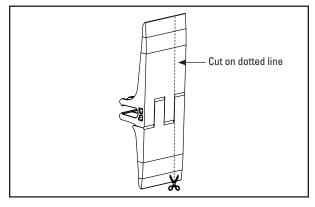


9. Slide the front plates on the mounting bar and replace the shims on top of the back plate. Then set the transfer into position on the back plates. Tighten the two socket head screws at each mounting bracket to secure the system in place.



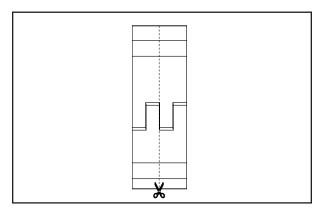
11. Install as many of the remaining segment pairs on the bar as will fit.

IMPORTANT NOTE: When segment pairs are made up of two different sized halves, it will be necessary to match the end segment length with the correct corresponding center segment. Use the STP Key as guidance, keeping in mind that the shorter segment will face upstream and the longer segment will face downstream.

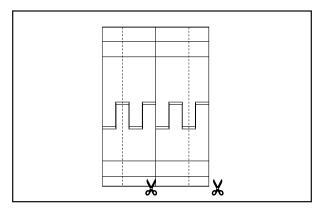


IMPORTANT NOTE:

• If MAX WIDTH is greater than 1-1/2" (38 mm), use table saw, band saw, circular saw, or jigsaw to cut a final segment to 1/16"-1/8" (1-1/2 - 3 mm) less than MAX WIDTH.



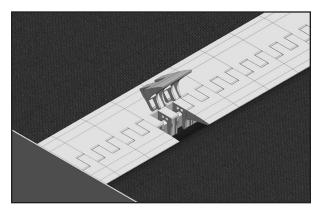
CAUTION: Do not trim more than half off a segment pair or 1-1/2" (38 mm). It is recommended to trim both segments of a segment pair while they are nested to ensure consistent segment.



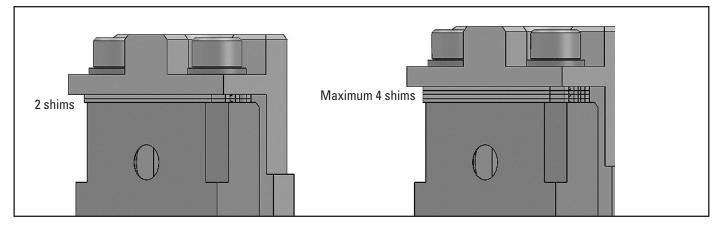
IMPORTANT NOTE:

- If MAX WIDTH is less than 1-1/2" (38 mm):
- a. Remove one additional segment adjacent to the gap.
- b. Measure MAX WIDTH opening and divide by 2. (X / 2)
- c. Use table saw, band saw, circular saw, or jigsaw to cut two final segment pairs 1/16"-1/8" (1-1/2 3 mm) less than MAX.

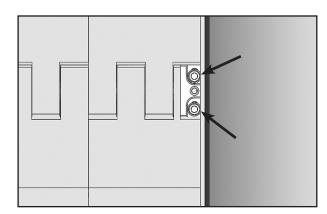




13. Install the last (trimmed) segments into the remaining gap. If the support bar does not appear centered in the gap between pulleys, loosen the socket head screws and adjust the transfer. 1/8" (3 mm) total adjustment is available.



14. By adding or removing shims from the mounting brackets, the transfer can be adjusted up or down a total of 1/8" (3 mm). This should allow adequate adjustment for crowned pulleys or a belt with a profiled top cover.



15. Once all adjustments are made, secure the screws on both sides of the Segmented Transfer Plate assembly with a thread locking agent.



16. In some cases the bracket will be hidden under the metal guard of the power turn. if this is the case, make sure you have enough room to remove the fasteners so you can adjust the transfer plate.

5.1 Pre-Op Checklist

- Recheck that all fasteners are tightened properly.
- Check the Power Curve STP location on the belt.
- Be sure that all installation materials and tools have been removed from the belt and the conveyor area.

5.2 Test Run the Conveyor

- Run the conveyor for at least 15 minutes and inspect the Power Curve STP performance.
- If performance is inadequate, stop the belt and adjust the Power Curve STP using steps 13-16 of installation instructions procedure.
- Return to step 5.1 if any adjustments have occurred.

NOTE: Observing the Power Curve STP when the conveyor belt is running and performing properly will help detect problems in the future.



Flexco Power Curve STPs are designed to operate with minimum maintenance. However, to maintain superior performance, some service is required. When the STP is installed, a regular maintenance program should be set up. This program will ensure that the STP operates at optimal efficiency and problems can be identified and fixed before the STP suffers any damage or stops working as expected.

All safety procedures for inspection of equipment (stationary or operating) must be observed. The Power Curve STP operates at the discharge end of the conveyor and is in direct contact with the moving belt. Only visual observations can be made while the belt is running. Service tasks can be done only with the conveyor stopped and the correct lockout/tagout procedures observed.

6.1 New Installation Inspection

After the new Power Curve STP has run for a few days, a visual inspection should be made to ensure the STP is performing properly. Make adjustments as needed.

To ensure optimal STP performance, keep segments free of product buildup (stickers, plastic bags, debris, etc).

6.2 Routine Visual Inspection (every 2-4 weeks)

A visual inspection of the STP and belt can determine:

- If the belt looks damaged or if there are areas that are eroding.
- If a plastic segment is worn out and needs to be replaced.
- If there is damage to the STP or other transfer plate components.
- If fugitive material is caught or built up on the STP segments.
- If there is cover damage to the belt.
- If there is vibration or bouncing of the STP on the belt.

If any of the above conditions exist, a determination should be made on when the conveyor can be stopped for STP maintenance.

6.3 Routine Physical Inspection (every 6-8 weeks)

When the conveyor is not in operation and is properly locked and tagged out, conduct a physical inspection of the STP to perform the following tasks:

- Clean material buildup off of the STP segments.
- Closely inspect the segments for wear and damage. Replace if needed.
- Ensure proper STP segment-to-belt contact.
- Inspect the STP rod and outer brackets for damage.
- Inspect all fasteners for tightness and wear. Tighten or replace as needed.
- Replace any worn or damaged components.
- When maintenance tasks are completed, test run the conveyor to ensure the STP is performing properly.

6.4 Cleaning Instructions

Power Curve STP plastic segments need to be cleaned of any material stuck to or adhered to the top surface of the segment. If the plastic shows sign of damage or severe erosion, replace the segment.

6.5 STP Wear Inspection

Note: Belt type, belt speed, material being conveyed, installation, and other application factors will affect STP wear. Visual inspection of missing segments or fasteners is necessary.

6.6 Power Curve STP Maintenance Log

Conveyor Name/No.		
Date:	Work done by:	Service Quote #:
Activity:		
Date:	Work done by:	Service Quote #:
Activity:		
		Service Quote #:
Activity:		
Date:	Work done by:	Service Quote #:
Activity:		
Date:	Work done by:	Service Quote #:
	Work done by:	Service Quote #:
Date:	Work done by:	Service Quote #:



6.7 Power Curve STP Maintenance Checklist

STP Transfer Pla	nte:					Ord	lering Numb	er:			
Conveyor Inform	ation:										
Conveyor Numbe	er:		Bel	t Conditi	ion:						
		□ 18" I50 mm)	□ 24" (600 mm			□ 36" (900 mm)		□ 48" (1200 mm)	□ 54" (1350 mm)	□ 60" (1500 mm)	
Head Pulley Diar	meter (Beli	t & Laggi	ing):								
Belt Speed:	fpm	Be	lt Thickn	ess:							
Belt Splice:		Con	dition of	Splice:_		Nur	nber of splic	es:	_ 🗆 Skived	🗆 Unskive	ed
Material convey	ed:										
Days per week r	un:		Hou	rs per d	ay run:						
Segment Life:											
Date plastic tran	sfer segm	ent instal	lled:			Date plas	stic transfer	segment ins	pected:		
Estimated plastic	c transfer s	segment	life:								
Is STP segment	making pro	oper cont	tact with	belt?		□ Yes	🗆 No)			
Transfer plate co	ondition:		🗆 Good	l	🗆 Gro	oved	□ Smiled		lot contacting	g belt	🗆 Damaged
Was STP Adjust	ed:		les	□ No							
Bar Condition:		\Box Good		l Bent	C] Worn					
STP Overall Per	formance:		(Rate	the follo	owing 1	- 5, 1 = v	very poor - 5	= very good)			
Appearance: I	🗆 Comr	nents: _									
Location: I	🗆 Comr	nents: _									
Maintenance: I	🗆 Comr	nents: _									
Performance: I	🗆 Comr	nents: _									
Other Comments	:										
									-		

Problem	Possible Cause	Possible Solutions
	If a segment is missing, it may mean that foreign object debris got caught between the surface of the belt and the segment.	Replace with a new segment of same size and length
Missing plastic segments	Damage to belt	Repair the belt
on transfer plate	Improper installation	Replace with a new segment of same size and length
	Repeated use of damaged or dislodged segments	Replace with new segments of same size and length
	High points on belt	Transfer plate was designed to flex with the belt movement
Transfer Plate assembly flexes with movement	Roller has uneven wear	Transfer plate was designed to tolerate system wear
of belt	Missing screws from mounting bracket assembly	Install missing fasteners and add removable threadlocker
	Pulley out of round	Remove and replace out of round pulley
Mounting screws missing	Not enough removable threadlocker added during installation	Replace fastener and add removable threadlocker
	Installation is too tight to the belt	Add shims to mounting bracket to decrease tension between plastic segments and belt
Excessive Vibration or noise of the Segmented Transfer Plate	Installation of Segmented Transfer Plate was not done with cardboard shims	Add shims to mounting bracket to decrease tension between plastic segments and belt
	Belt fastener hitting transfer plate	High splice profile – does not damage belt or STP. A bias splice will minimize this effect
Uneven transfer plate segment position	Mismatched component selection	The transfer plate support bar must be replaced with a correct 1.25" (32 mm) bar
Segments migrate outside of the bar	Side guards are not properly mounted on STP system	Inspect side guard fasteners and make sure they are properly set and completely seated on the assembly



Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate Conveyor Information

Conveyor Name/No.		
Date:	Work done by:	Service Quote #:
Dimension A:	Item Code:	
Conveyor Name/No		
Date:	Work done by:	Service Quote #:
Dimension A:	Item Code:	
Conveyor Name/No		_
Date:	Work done by:	Service Quote #:
Dimension A:	Item Code:	
Conveyor Name/No		
Date:	Work done by:	Service Quote #:
Dimension A:	Item Code:	
Conveyor Name/No		_
Date:	Work done by:	Service Quote #:
Dimension A:	Item Code:	
Conveyor Name/No		
Date:	Work done by:	Service Quote #:
Dimension A:	Item Code:	

If you have any questions or problems reading measurement and selection of your Power Curve Segmented Transfer Plate please contact Customer Service in the United States and Canada: 1-800-541-8028 or visit Flexco.com for more information.

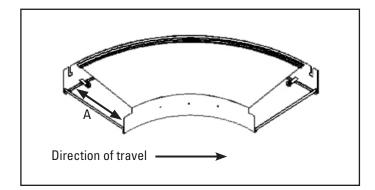
Section 9 – Power Curve STP Ordering Form

Structure Width

Dimension A: _____

Head Pulley Diameter (Belt): _____

Gap Dimension: _____





SEGMENTED TRANSFER PLATE REPLACEMENT PARTS

DESCRIPTION	ORDERING NUMBER	ITEM CODE
MOUNTING BRACKET	TG-MTG-BRKT RPL MNTG BRACKET	56600
	TG-BAR-24/610 RPL BAR	56601
	TG-BAR-36/914 RPL BAR	56602
SUPPORT BARS	TG-BAR-42/1067 RPL BAR	56618
	TG-BAR-48/1219 RPL BAR	56603
	TG-BAR-60/1524 RPL BAR	56604
	TGB-SEG-END-2 2 INCH END SEG	56606
END SEGMENTS	TGB-SEG-END-3 3 INCH END SEG	56607
EIND SEGIVIEIN IS	TGB-SEG-END-4 4 INCH END SEG	56608
	TGB-SEG-END-5 5 INCH END SEG	56609
	TGB-SEG-CENTER-2 2 IN CTR SEG	56611
CENTER SEGMENTS	TGB-SEG-CENTER-3 3 IN CTR SEG	56612
CENTER SEGIVIENTS	TGB-SEG-CENTER-4 4 IN CTR SEG	56613
	TGB-SEG-CENTER-5 5 IN CTR SEG	56614
BRIDGE SEGMENT	TGB-BRIDGE SEG-CENTER	56628
	TGB-BRIDGE SEG-END	56629
MOUNTING BRACKET KIT	TGB-1.5-3.0-IN-GAP-MTNG-KIT	56644
MOUNTING KIT PARTS	TGB-1.5-3.0-VERT-SUPPT-BRKT-KT	56645
	TGB-1.5-3.0-ANGLE-BRKT-KT	56646
	TGB-EXT-ALUM-BAR-24/610	56639
	TGB-EXT-ALUM-BAR-36/914	56640
SUPPORT BARS	TGB-EXT-ALUM-BAR-42/1067	56641
	TGB-EXT-ALUM-BAR-48/1219	56642
	TGB-EXT-ALUM-BAR-60/1524	56643
	TGB-SEG-CENTER75/19MM	56636
CENTER SEGMENTS	TGB-SEG-CENTER-1/25MM	56637
	TGB-SEG-CENTER-1.5/38MM	56638
	TGB-SEG-CENTER-2 2 IN CTR SEG	56611

SEGMENTED TRANSFER PLATE MEASUREMENT SELECTION AND INSTALLATION TOOLS

DESCRIPTION	ORDERING NUMBER	ITEM CODE
	GAUGE KIT STP BRIDGE	56667
	GAUGE KIT STP 4IN-10IN	56668
GAUGE KEYS	GAUGE KIT STP 1.5IN-3IN	56669
	GAUGE KEY STP MASTER SET	56707

Visit www.flexco.com for other Flexco locations and products, or to find an authorized distributor.

