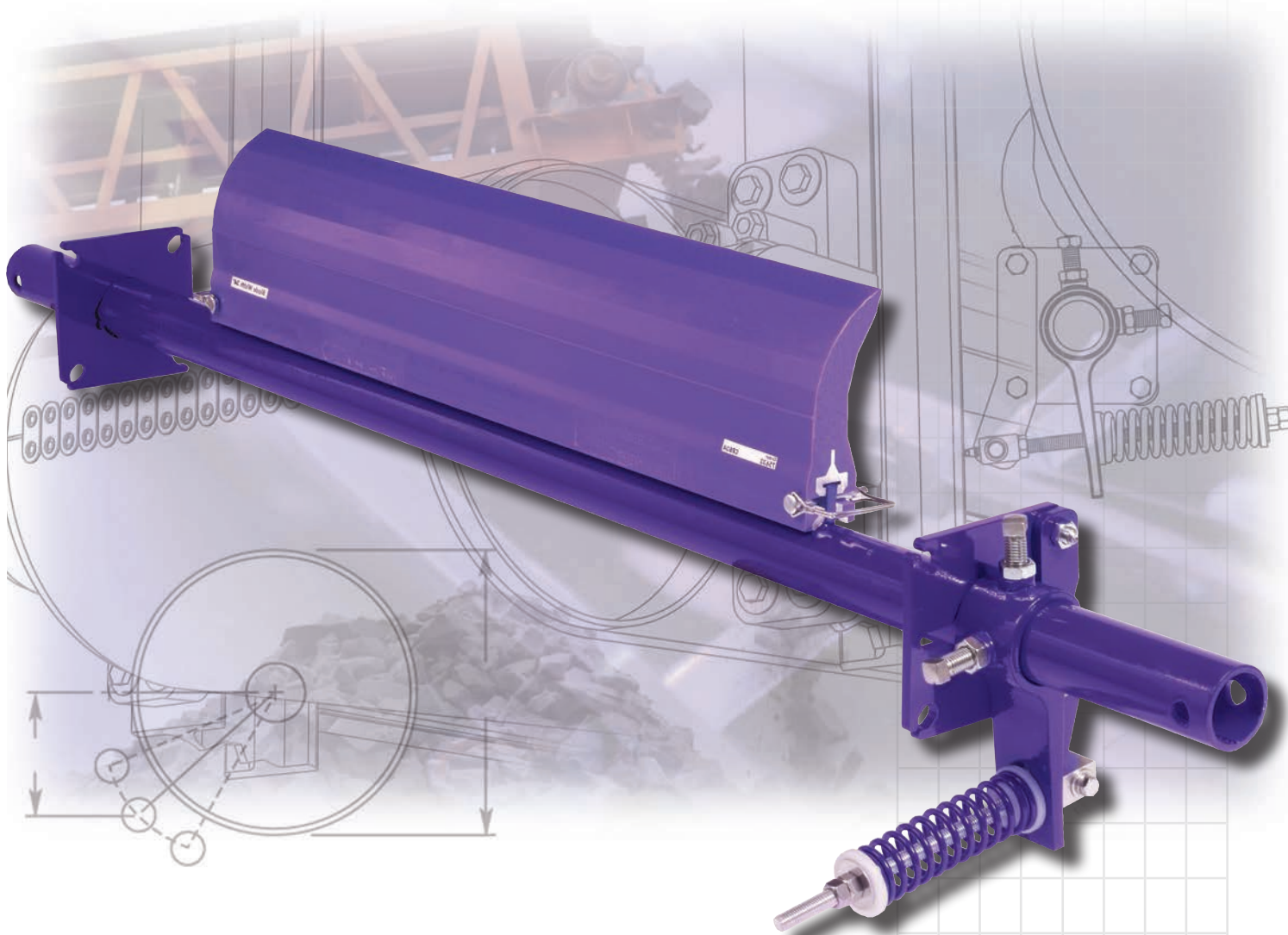


# Compare

## ***Belt Cleaner Component Comparisons***

All solid-blade precleaners are not the same. Traditionally, many have viewed these precleaners as "all about the same" because they look similar. So aside from color, the only consideration was the price. However, a review and comparison of the cleaner components reveals that there **are** many differences. And these differences have a big impact on cleaner performance, durability, and maintenance costs.



# The Facts...

***Examine the facts....***

**FLEXCO**

# POLES

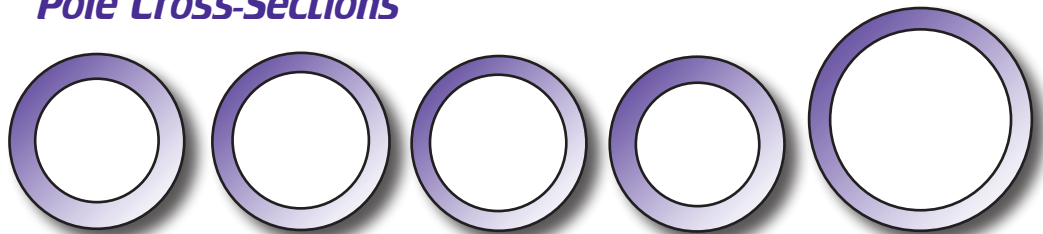
## The Precleaner Pole

### 1. Pole Strength

Cleaner Type	O.D. by tape measure	Wall thickness	Moment of Inertia*
Martin® QC™ #1	1-7/8"	0.281	0.48
Martin® Pit Viper™	1-7/8"	0.200	0.39
Arch/Gordon Saber®	1-7/8"	0.200	0.39
ASGCO® Skalper® IV	1-7/8"	0.281	0.48
Rockline® EZP1	2-3/8"	0.218	0.87

\*Moment of Inertia is an engineering calculation of a pole's cross-section strength.

### Pole Cross-Sections



Martin® QC™ #1  
48 mm (1.90") O.D.  
.281 Wall

Martin® Pit Viper™  
48 mm (1.90") O.D.  
.200 Wall

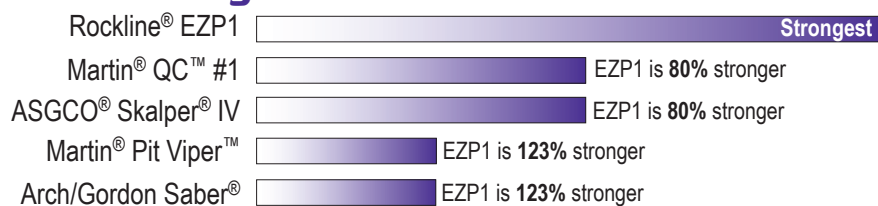
Arch/Gordon Saber®  
48 mm (1.90") O.D.  
.200 Wall

ASGCO® Skalper® IV  
48 mm (1.90") O.D.  
.281 Wall

Rockline® EZP1  
60 mm (2.38") O.D.  
.218 Wall

All pole sizes shown at 1/2 scale.

### Overall Strength



### Benefits of a Stronger Pole

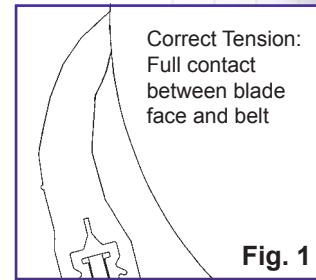
- Assures the blade is held at the correct position even under heavy loads.
- Better resistance to bending.
- More durable.
- No pole twisting when the blade is tensioned from one side, so blade-to-belt tension is consistent across the width of the belt.

# POLES

## 2. Pole Location

### Benefits of Correct Pole Location:

- Permits correct blade attack angle (See Fig. 1).
- Allows maximum cleaning performance.
- Ensures maximum blade life. Entire wear area of blade can be used.

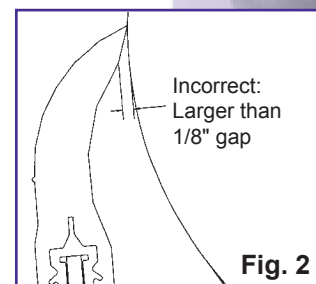


**Correct pole location**

### Problems caused by incorrect Pole Location

#### Pole too far out:

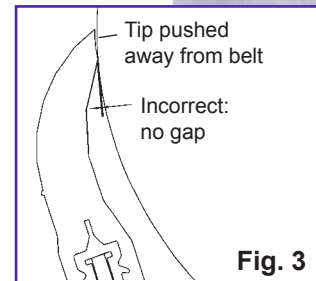
- Incorrect blade attack angle. At installation, just the tip of the blade is on the belt (See Fig. 2).
- Blade wears faster. More prominent "smile" wear effect.
- Requires more blade tensioning maintenance.
- Blade is more likely to "flip under". Possible damage to blade and pole.
- More mechanical splice impact (hooking).



**Pole too far out**

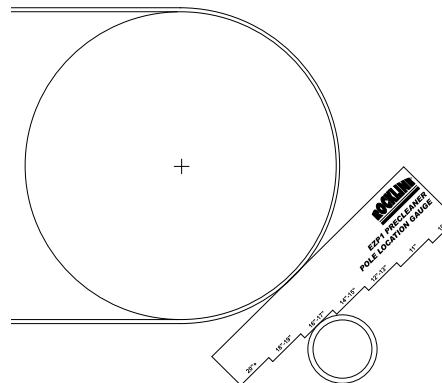
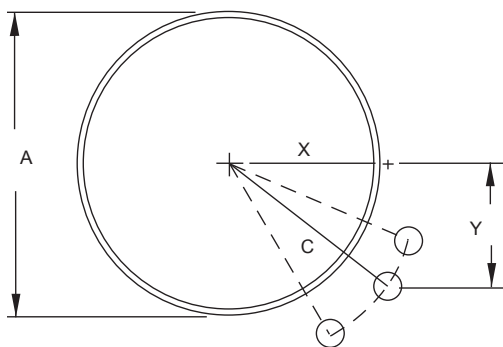
#### Pole too close:

- Incorrect blade attack angle. At installation, tip of the blade may not touch belt (See Fig. 3).
- Poor cleanability.
- May wear a "flap" on the blade.
- Carryback material getting past the tip will wear the blade quickly.
- Can get pushed away from the belt due to material buildup between the blade and the belt.



**Pole too close**

CORRECT POLE LOCATION ALLOWS  
MAXIMUM PERFORMANCE



All Rockline® EZP1 Precleaners come with an easy-to-use gauge to check for correct pole location.

# BLADES

## The Blade

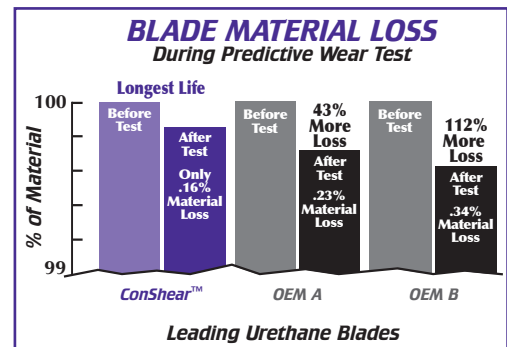
### 1. Blade Life

- All urethanes are NOT the same. Urethane technology continues to advance and so do blades.
- Errors made in blade molding affect the quality and performance.
- ConShear's proprietary formula is more advanced and outperforms other urethanes in various applications.

### A proprietary formulation means a better performing urethane.

To evaluate the wear characteristics of various urethanes, we subjected the material used in ConShear™ blades, as well as the materials used in other OEM blades, to standard ASTM tribology testing procedures at a third-party testing lab.

This chart shows comparative test results for the material in ConShear, as well as sample materials currently used by other manufacturers. Actual grams lost during testing are expressed as a percentage.



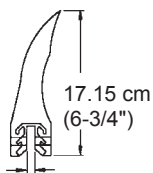
### 2. Blade Volume (of usable urethane)

Many contend that more urethane in a cleaner blade means more blade life. Volume is a part of the story. But the urethane must also have abrasion resistance. So the complete formula for a long-wearing blade is:

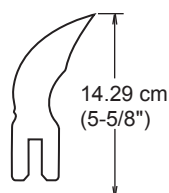
$$\text{BLADE LIFE} = \text{VOLUME} \times \text{WEAR RESISTANCE}$$

Cleaner Type	Blade Length		Usable Blade Area (cross-section)		Usable Blade Volume	
	in.	mm	in <sup>2</sup>	cm <sup>2</sup>	in <sup>3</sup>	cm <sup>3</sup>
Martin® QC™ #1	28"	700	3.00	19.35	84.0	1376.5
Martin® Pit Viper™	28"	700	4.20	27.10	117.6	1927.1
Arch/Gordon Saber®	28"	700	3.06	19.74	85.7	1404.4
ASGCO® Skalper® IV	28"	700	3.29	21.23	92.1	1509.2
Rockline® EZP1	28"	700	5.50	35.48	154.0	2523.6

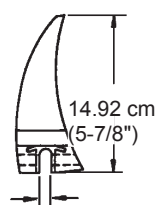
Martin® QC™ #1  
Blade Design



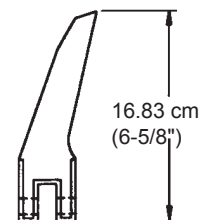
Martin® Pit Viper™  
Blade Design



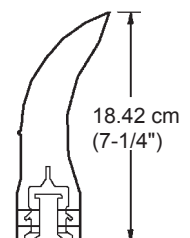
Arch/Gordon Saber®  
Blade Design



ASGCO® Skalper® IV  
Blade Design



ConShear™  
Blade Design



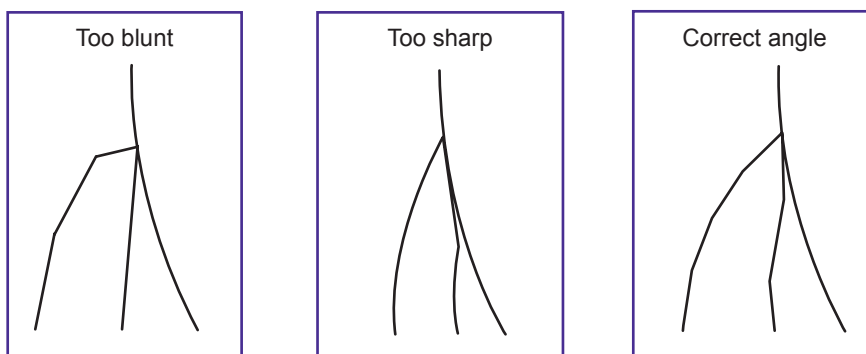


# BLADES

## 3. Attack Angle on Belt

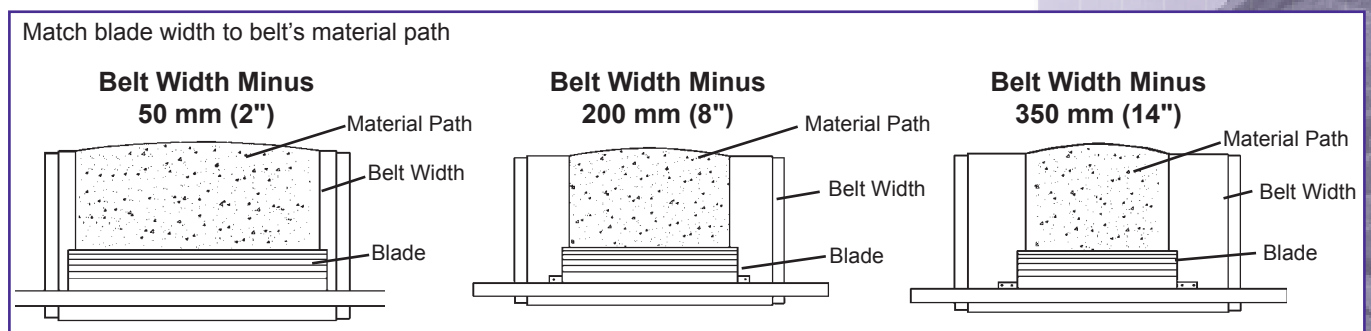
The angle at which the blade touches the belt is critical for performance. The attack angle is determined or can be influenced by: 1) the shape of the blade, and 2) the location of the cleaner pole at installation.

- If the angle is too blunt - the blade will do a poor cleaning job and will not "peel off" the carryback material.
- If the angle is too sharp or aggressive - the blade will create a hard impact with mechanical splices, which can lead to blade or splice damage. It may also wear a "flap" on the blade tip, reducing cleaning effectiveness.
- ConShear blades have found the "sweet spot" attack angle to the belt. This provides optimal cleaning efficiency, as well as complete compatibility with mechanical splices.



## 4. Material Path Option

For optimal cleaning and reduced blade retensioning, the cleaner blade width should be sized to fit the material path of the belt. The material path is typically the center 2/3 of the belt width. Choosing a blade only slightly wider than the material path can decrease differential blade wear, which reduces blade retensioning maintenance as well as reducing the frequency of blade replacement.



Each Rockline EZP1 pre-cleaner size can be modified to the belt's material path with belt width minus 50 mm (2") , minus 200 mm (8") or minus 350 mm (14") blade options. And if the material path changes, the blade can be changed without modifying the cleaner.

# TENSIONERS

## The Tensioning Unit

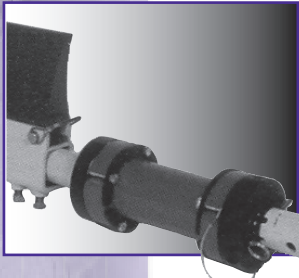
### Benefits of Proper Tensioning:

- Maximum cleanability
- Consistent performance
- Longer blade life
- Easier maintenance



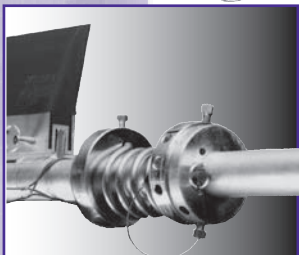
### Martin® QC™ #1:

- Twist Tensioner - rubber element
- Setup Instructions - ratchet the spindle a specified number of notches (per belt width) and lock
- No instructions on retensioning maintenance or inspection
- Can't measure tension



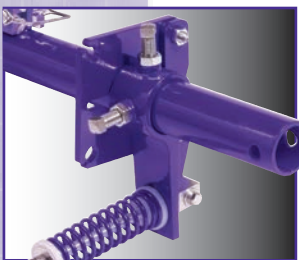
### Arch/Gordon Saber®:

- Gordon Twister - urethane tube
- Tube takes a set
- Subject to environmental conditions
- Can't measure tension
- Must back tension off to add tension



### ASGCO® Skalper® IV:

- E-Z Torque - self-contained spring
- Spring doesn't take a set
- Can't measure tension
- Must back tension off to add tension



### Rockline® EZP1:

- EST Tensioner - self-contained compression spring
- Easy to install
- Visual tension check
- Easy tension adjustment
- Spring doesn't take a set

Tensioner Type	Easy to install and set up	Can visually check tension	Easy to add more tension	Easy to reset at optimal tension	Tension element doesn't take a set
Rockline® EST	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Martin® Twist™ Tensioner	yes	no	yes	no	no
ASGCO® E-Z Torque®	no	no	no	no	yes
Arch/Gordon Twister	no	no	no	no	no

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